

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 55

January Session, 2005

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AN ACT CONCERNING VOTER REGISTRATION, CERTAIN NOMINATING PROCEDURES, CAMPAIGN ACCOUNTABILITY, A VOTER GUIDE, PUSH POLLING AND ELECTRONIC VOTING MACHINES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2005) The Secretary of the State,
- 2 within available appropriations and in consultation with registrars of
- 3 voters and nonprofit organizations promoting voter registration, shall
- 4 provide or arrange for voter registration services for new citizens at
- 5 each naturalization ceremony held in the state by the federal Bureau of
- 6 Citizenship and Immigration Services for twenty-five or more new
- 7 citizens.
- 8 Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 9-23r of the general statutes is
- 9 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 10 passage):
- 11 (a) On or after January 1, 2003, any person who is applying, by mail,
- 12 to register to vote for the first time in this state may submit as part of
- such voter registration application: (1) A copy of a current and valid
- photo identification, (2) a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement,
- 15 government check, paycheck or government document that shows the
- 16 name and address of the voter, (3) a valid Connecticut motor vehicle
- operator's license number, or (4) the last four digits of the individual's

- Social Security number. Members of the armed forces and persons entitled to use the federal post card application for absentee ballots under section 9-153a are not required to provide identification when registering by mail. No information submitted as part of a voter registration application under this subsection shall be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act pursuant to chapter 14.
- Sec. 3. Subdivision (1) of section 9-450 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (1) In the case of nominations for representatives in Congress and judges of probate in probate districts composed of two or more towns, provided for in sections 9-212 and 9-218, if the writs of election are issued by the Governor on or before the [twenty-first] first day of May in an even-numbered year and the election is to be held on the day of the state election in such year, the state central committee or other authority of each party shall, not later than the [twenty-fourth] fourth day of May in such year, publish notice of the date for the selection of delegates to the [state or] district convention to designate the partyendorsed candidate for the office to be filled. Such selection shall be made [not earlier than the fifty-sixth day after publication of such notice and] not later than the [fifth] day before the convention. If such writs of election are issued after the [twenty-first] first day of May in such year, or if the election is to be held on any day other than the day of the state election, the day scheduled for the election shall be not earlier than the [ninety-first] one hundred fiftieth day following the day on which such writs of election are issued. The state central committee or other authority of each party shall, not later than the [eighty-fourth] one hundred forty-fifth day preceding the day of the election, publish notice of the day for the selection of delegates to the [state or] district convention to designate the party-endorsed candidate for the office to be filled, which day shall be not earlier than the [twenty-eighth] eighty-fifth day following such publication and not later than the [fifty-sixth] eightieth day preceding the day of the

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election. The selected delegates to such convention shall be certified to the town clerks not later than the [twenty-first] seventy-ninth day preceding the day of [such primary] the election. The [state or] district convention shall be convened not earlier than the [fifth day following such primary] seventy-fifth day preceding the day of the election and closed not later than the [forty-ninth] seventieth day preceding the day of the election. [Contesting candidacies] <u>Petition forms for candidacies</u> for nomination by a political party shall be available from the Secretary of the State beginning on the seventy-fifth day preceding the day of the election. A candidacy for nomination to the office to be filled shall be filed by submitting either (A) a certification that the candidate has received at least fifteen per cent of the votes of the convention delegates present and voting on any roll-call vote taken on the endorsement of a candidate, or (B) primary petition pages, to the Secretary of the State not later than four o'clock p.m. on the [fifth] fourteenth day following the close of such convention. The Secretary of the State shall fix the day for the primary of each party for the nomination to the office to be filled, which day shall be not earlier than the twenty-first day following the close of such convention and not later than the twenty-first day preceding the day of the election.

- Sec. 4. Section 9-333w of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective January 1, 2006*):
- (a) No individual shall make or incur any expenditure with the cooperation of, at the request or suggestion of, or in consultation with any candidate, candidate committee or candidate's agent, and no candidate or committee shall make or incur any expenditure for any written, typed or other printed communication, or any web-based, written communication, which promotes the success or defeat of any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election or solicits funds to benefit any political party or committee unless such communication bears upon its face (1) the words "paid for by" and the following: [(1)] (A) In the case of such an individual, the name and address of such individual; [(2)] (B) in the case of a committee other than a party committee, the name of the committee and its campaign

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- treasurer; or [(3)] (C) in the case of a party committee, the name of the 86 87 committee, and (2) the words "approved by" and the following: (A) In the case of an individual, the name of such individual; (B) in the case of 88 89 a political committee, the name and title of its chairperson or campaign 90 treasurer; (C) in the case of a party committee, the name and title of its 91 chairperson; and (D) in the case of a candidate committee, the name of 92 the candidate.
 - (b) In addition to the requirements of subsection (a) of this section:
 - (1) No candidate or candidate committee or exploratory committee established by a candidate shall make or incur any expenditure for television advertising or Internet video advertising, which promotes the success of said candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election or the defeat of another candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election, unless at the end of such advertising there appears simultaneously, for a period of not less than four seconds, (A) a clearly identifiable photographic or similar image of the candidate making such expenditure, (B) a clearly readable printed statement (i) identifying said candidate, and (ii) indicating that said candidate has approved the advertising, and (C) a simultaneous, personal audio message, in the following form: "I am (candidate's name) and I approved this message";
 - (2) No candidate or candidate committee or exploratory committee established by a candidate shall make or incur any expenditure for radio advertising or Internet audio advertising, which promotes the success of said candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election or the defeat of another candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election, unless the advertising ends with a personal audio statement by the candidate making such expenditure (A) identifying said candidate and the office said candidate is seeking, and (B) indicating that said candidate has approved the advertising in the following form: "I am (candidate's name) and I approved this message";

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- (3) No political committee or party committee shall make or incur any expenditure for television advertising or Internet video advertising, which promotes the success or defeat of a candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election, unless at the end of such advertising there appears simultaneously, for a period of not less than four seconds, (A) a clearly identifiable photographic or similar image of the chairperson or campaign treasurer of the committee making such expenditure, (B) a clearly readable printed statement (i) identifying the name of the committee making the expenditure, and (ii) indicating that said chairperson or campaign treasurer has approved the advertising, and (C) a simultaneous, personal audio message, in the following form: "I am (chairperson's or campaign treasurer's name and title, and name of committee) and I approved this message"; and
- (4) No political committee or party committee shall make or incur any expenditure for radio advertising or Internet audio advertising, which promotes the success or defeat of a candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or election, unless the advertising ends with a personal audio statement by the chairperson or campaign treasurer of the committee making the expenditure (A) identifying the name of said committee, and (B) indicating that said chairperson or campaign treasurer has approved the advertising in the following form: "I am (chairperson's or campaign treasurer's name and title) and I approved this message".
- [(b)] (c) No business entity, organization, association, committee, or group of two or more individuals who have joined solely to promote the success or defeat of a referendum question and is required to file a certification in accordance with subsection (d) of section 9-333g, shall make or incur any expenditure for any written, typed or other printed communication which promotes the success or defeat of any referendum question unless such communication bears upon its face the words "paid for by" and the following: (1) In the case of a business entity, organization or association, the name of the entity, organization or association and the name of its chief executive officer; (2) in the case

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- 152 of a political committee, the name of the committee and the name of its 153 campaign treasurer; (3) in the case of a party committee, the name of 154 the committee; or (4) in the case of such a group of two or more 155 individuals, the name of the group as it appears on the certification 156 filed in accordance with subsection (d) of section 9-333g, and the name 157 and address of its agent.
 - [(c)] (d) The provisions of subsections (a), [and] (b) and (c) of this section do not apply to (1) any editorial, news story, or commentary published in any newspaper, magazine or journal on its own behalf and upon its own responsibility and for which it does not charge or receive any compensation whatsoever, (2) any banner, (3) political paraphernalia including pins, buttons, badges, emblems, hats, bumper stickers or other similar materials, or (4) signs with a surface area of not more than thirty-two square feet.
 - [(d)] (e) The campaign treasurer of a candidate committee which sponsors any written, typed or other printed communication for the purpose of raising funds to eliminate a campaign deficit of that committee shall include in such communication a statement that the funds are sought to eliminate such a deficit.
 - [(e)] (f) The campaign treasurer of an exploratory committee or candidate committee established by a candidate for nomination or election to the office of Treasurer which committee sponsors any written, typed or other printed communication for the purpose of raising funds shall include in such communication a statement concerning the prohibitions set forth in subsection (n) of section 1-84, subsection (f) of section 9-333n and subsection (f) of section 9-333o.
 - [(f)] (g) In the event a campaign treasurer of a candidate committee is replaced pursuant to subsection (c) of section 9-333d, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the candidate committee from distributing any printed communication subject to the provisions of this section that has already been printed or otherwise produced, even though such communication does not accurately designate the

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- 184 successor campaign treasurer of such candidate committee.
- 185 Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective January 1, 2006) (a) Not later than October
- 186 first in each year in which a state election, as defined in section 9-1 of
- 187 the general statutes, is to be held, the Secretary of the State, in
- 188 consultation with the State Elections Enforcement Commission and
- 189 within available appropriations, shall prepare a voter guide for such
- 190 state election and shall publish such voter guide on the Internet.
- 191 (b) The voter guide shall contain:
- 192 (1) The date of the state election and the hours the polls will be 193 open;
- 194 (2) The name, party affiliation and contact information of each 195 candidate who is nominated or qualifies as a petitioning candidate for 196 election to the office of President of the United States, Vice-President of 197 the United States, senator in Congress, representative in Congress, 198 Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, State Treasurer, 199 State Comptroller, Secretary of the State, State Senator or State 200 Representative at the state election. As used in this section, "contact 201 information" means any or all of the following information received by 202 the Secretary of the State in the course of the secretary's elections 203 duties or by the Federal Election Commission: A candidate's campaign 204 mailing address, telephone number, facsimile number, electronic mail 205 address and web site. The voter guide may provide contact 206 information for a candidate for the office of President of the United 207 States, Vice-President of the United States, senator in Congress or 208 representative in Congress by an electronic link to such information on
 - (3) The following three maps produced pursuant to the most recent decennial reapportionment of General Assembly and Connecticut congressional districts: One map showing the boundaries of state senatorial districts, one map showing the boundaries of state house of representatives districts and one map showing the boundaries of state congressional districts;

the Federal Election Commission's web site;

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- 216 (4) A description of each office to be filled at the state election;
- 217 (5) An absentee ballot application in printable format;
- 218 (6) Instructions regarding voting by absentee ballot;
- 219 (7) Information on the procedure for registering to vote;
- 220 (8) A voter registration application in printable format;
- 221 (9) The full text of each proposed constitutional amendment that 222 will appear on the ballot at the state election;
- 223 (10) The explanatory text as to the content and purpose of each such 224 proposed constitutional amendment, which is prepared by the Office 225 of Legislative Research pursuant to section 2-30a of the general 226 statutes; and
- 227 (11) The text of the Voter's Bill of Rights set forth in section 9-236b of 228 the general statutes.
- 229 (c) The Secretary of the State, in consultation with the State Elections 230 Enforcement Commission, may adopt regulations, in accordance with 231 the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to carry out the 232 purposes of this section. Such regulations shall not authorize the 233 inclusion of any information in the voter guide in addition to that 234 required in subsection (b) of this section.
- 235 Sec. 6. (Effective from passage) (a) As used in this section, "push poll" 236 means a paid telephone survey, or series of similar telephone surveys, 237 that reference a candidate or group of candidates other than in a basic 238 preference question, and in which:
- 239 (1) A list or directory is used, exclusively or in part, to select 240 respondents belonging to a particular subset or combination of subsets of the population, based on demographic or political characteristics 242 such as race, sex, age, ethnicity, party affiliation or similar types of 243 characteristics;

- 244 (2) The survey fails to make demographic inquiries on factors such 245 as age, household income or status as a likely voter sufficient to allow 246 for the tabulation of results based on a relevant subset of the 247 population consistent with standard polling industry practices;
- 248 (3) The pollster or polling organization does not collect or tabulate 249 the survey results;
- (4) The survey prefaces a question regarding support for a 250 251 candidate on the basis of an untrue statement; and
- 252 (5) The survey is primarily for the purpose of suppressing or 253 changing the voting position of the call recipient.
- 254 The term "push poll" does not include any survey supporting a 255 particular candidate that fails to reference another candidate or 256 candidates other than in a basic preference question.
- 257 (b) The State Elections Enforcement Commission shall conduct a 258 study of the use of push polling in campaigns in the state. Not later 259 than February 1, 2006, said commission shall submit a report on its 260 findings and conclusions, including any recommended legislation, to 261 the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having 262 cognizance of matters relating to elections, in accordance with the 263 provisions of section 11-4a of the general statutes.
- 264 Sec. 7. Section 9-242 of the general statutes is repealed and the 265 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) A voting machine approved by the Secretary of the State shall be so constructed as to provide facilities for voting for the candidates of at least nine different parties or organizations. It shall permit voting in absolute secrecy. It shall be provided with a lock by means of which any illegal movement of the voting or registering mechanism is absolutely prevented. Such machine shall be so constructed that an elector cannot vote for a candidate or on a proposition for whom or on which he is not lawfully entitled to vote.

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- (b) It shall be so constructed as to prevent an elector from voting for more than one person for the same office, except when he is lawfully entitled to vote for more than one person for that office, and it shall afford him an opportunity to vote for only as many persons for that office as he is by law entitled to vote for, at the same time preventing his voting for the same person twice. It shall be so constructed that all votes cast will be registered or recorded by the machine.
- 281 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, 282 the Secretary of the State may approve a voting machine which 283 requires the elector in the polls to place his ballot into the recording 284 device and which meets the voluntary performance and test standards 285 for voting systems adopted by (1) the Federal Election Commission on 286 January 25, 1990, as amended from time to time, or (2) the Election 287 Assistance Commission pursuant to the Help America Vote Act of 288 2002, P.L. 107-252, 42 USC 15481-85, as amended from time to time, 289 whichever standards are most current at the time of the Secretary of 290 the State's approval, and regulations which the Secretary of the State 291 may adopt in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, provided 292 the voting machine shall [(1)] (A) warn the elector of overvotes, [(2)] 293 (B) not record overvotes, and [(3)] (C) not record more than one vote of 294 an elector for the same person for an office.
- 295 (d) Any direct recording electronic voting machine approved by the 296 Secretary of the State for an election or primary held on or after July 1, 297 2005, shall be so constructed as to:
- 298 (1) (A) Contemporaneously produce an individual, permanent, 299 paper record containing all of the elector's selection of ballot preferences for candidates and questions or proposals, if any, prior to 300 301 the elector's casting a ballot, as set forth in this subsection, and (B) 302 produce at any time after the close of the polls a voting machine self-303 generated permanent paper record of each such elector's selection of 304 ballot preferences for candidates and questions or proposals, if any. 305 Both the contemporaneous individual paper record and the self-306 generated paper record of each elector's selection of ballot preferences

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- shall include a machine generated unique identifier that can be matched against each other and which preserves the secrecy of such elector's ballot as set forth in subdivision (6) of this subsection;
- 310 (2) Provide each elector with an opportunity to verify that the contemporaneously produced paper record accurately conforms to 311 such elector's selection of ballot preferences, as reflected on the screen 312 313 display or electronic summary, and to hear, if desired, an audio description of such ballot display or screen summary, for the purpose 314 315 of having an opportunity to make any corrections or changes prior to casting the ballot. In the event that the elector makes corrections or 316 changes prior to casting the ballot, the first paper record shall be 317 318 voided and another paper record shall be contemporaneously produced and the elector shall be provided with another opportunity 319 to verify ballot preferences as described in this subsection; 320
- 321 (3) Be accessible to blind or visually impaired persons if it provides 322 electors with an audio description of the machine's electronic screen display or electronic summary screen at the time that the elector 323 324 completes the selection of ballot preferences and casts the ballot as 325 provided in this subsection;
- 326 (4) Meet such additional standards of accessibility, consistent with 327 this subsection, included in regulations that the Secretary of the State 328 may adopt, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, and meet 329 the standards of accessibility enunciated by the Election Assistance Commission pursuant to its implementation of the Help America Vote 330 Act of 2002, P.L. 107-252, 42 USC 15481-85, as amended from time to 331 332 time;
 - (5) Provide that a ballot shall be deemed cast on the direct recording electronic voting machine at the time that an elector's contemporaneously produced individual, permanent, paper record, containing all of the elector's final selection of ballot preferences, is (A) deposited inside a receptacle designed to store all of the individual, permanent, voter-verified paper records produced by such voting

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- 339 machine on the day of the election or primary, and (B) the elector's 340 selection of ballot preferences is simultaneously electronically recorded inside the voting machine for the purpose of (i) being electronically 341 342 tabulated immediately after the polls are closed, and (ii) producing, on 343 such other day as required under this subsection, a voting machine 344 self-generated, individual, permanent paper record of each such elector's selection of ballot preferences for candidates and questions or 345 346 proposals, if any; and
 - (6) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (1) of section 8 of this act, secure the secrecy of each such elector's ballot by making it impossible for any other individual to identify the elector in relationship to such elector's selection of ballot preferences (A) at the time that the elector is selecting ballot preferences; (B) at the time that the elector is verifying the accuracy of the screen display or electronic summary by comparing it to the paper record or audio description of the ballot display or screen summary, as the case may be, prior to casting a ballot; (C) while making corrections or changes by reselecting ballot preferences and verifying the accuracy thereof in the same manner as set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection prior to casting a ballot; (D) at the time that the elector casts the ballot; or (E) at the time that all electors' ballots are canvassed, recanvassed or otherwise tallied to produce a final count of the vote for candidates or propositions, whether through the electronic vote tabulation process or through the manual count process of each elector's individual, permanent, voter-verified paper record, as set forth in section 8 of this act.
 - Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The following procedures shall apply to any election or primary in which one or more direct recording electronic voting machines are used:
 - (1) Any elector who requires assistance by reason of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write shall have the right to request assistance inside the voting booth by a person of the elector's choice in accordance with 42 USC 1973aa-6, as amended from time to time or

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section 9-264 of the general statutes.

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(2) A canvass of the votes shall take place inside the polling place immediately following the close of the polls on the day of the election or primary in accordance with the requirements of chapter 148 of the general statutes. With respect to direct recording electronic voting machines, any such canvass shall be an electronic vote tabulation of all of the votes cast on each such voting machine for each candidate and question or proposal. The moderator shall then add together all of the votes recorded on each voting machine in use at the polling place, whether or not such voting machines were direct recording electronic or not, to produce a cumulative count within the polling place of all candidates and any questions or proposals appearing on the ballot in the election or primary. Any member of the public shall have a right to be present in the polling place to observe the canvass of the votes beginning as soon as the polls are declared closed by the moderator and continuing throughout the canvass of the votes of each voting machine until the final canvass of all of the votes cast on all of the voting machines in use in the polling place are added together for each candidate and question or proposal and publicly announced and declared by the moderator.

(3) If a recanvass of the votes is required pursuant to chapter 148 of the general statutes, the recanvass officials shall, in addition to the other requirements of said chapter, conduct a manual tally of the individual, permanent, voter-verified paper contemporaneously produced by each direct recording electronic voting machine used within the geographical jurisdiction that is subject to such recanvass. The manual tally conducted for the recanvass shall be limited to the particular candidates and questions or proposals that are subject to recanvass. If the manual tabulation of the individual, permanent, voter-verified paper records does not reconcile with the electronic vote tabulation of a particular direct recording electronic voting machine or machines, the individual permanent voter-verified paper records shall be considered the true and correct record of each elector's vote on such voting machine or machines and

shall be used as the official record for purposes of declaring the official election results or for purposes of any subsequent recanvass, tally or election contest conducted pursuant to chapters 148 to 153, inclusive, of the general statutes. If any of the contemporaneously produced individual, permanent, voter-verified paper records are found to have been damaged in such manner as they are unable to be manually tallied with respect to the ballot positions that are the subject of the recanvass, each such damaged record shall be matched against the self-generated, individual, permanent paper record produced by the voting machine bearing the identical machine-generated unique identifier as the damaged record and, in such instance, shall be substituted as the official record for purposes of determining the final election results or for purposes of any subsequent recanvass, tally or election contest. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 148 of the general statutes, the Secretary of the State may order a discrepancy recanvass for a state or district office, including a federal office, if the Secretary has reason to believe that discrepancies may have occurred that could affect the outcome of the election.

(4) Not later than five business days after each election in which a direct recording electronic voting machine is used, the registrars of voters or their designees, representing at least two political parties, shall conduct a manual audit of the votes recorded on at least one direct recording electronic voting machine used in each voting district. Not later than five business days after a primary in which a direct recording electronic voting machine is used, the registrar of voters of the party holding the primary shall conduct such a manual audit by designating two or more individuals, one of whom may be the registrar, representing at least two candidates in the primary. The machine or machines audited under this subdivision shall be selected in a random drawing that is announced in advance to the public and is open to the public. All direct recording electronic voting machines used within a voting district shall have an equal chance of being selected for the audit. The method of conducting the random drawing may begin with a random number seed, use the last three digits of a

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state lottery drawing determined in advance, use a random number table recognized by statisticians as authoritative, or use any combination of such methods or similar methods as may be determined by the Secretary of the State in advance and publicly announced. The manual audit shall consist of a manual tally of the individual, permanent, voter-verified paper records produced by each voting machine subject to the audit and a comparison of such count, with respect to all candidates and any questions or proposals appearing on the ballot, with the electronic vote tabulation reported for such voting machine on the day of the election or primary. Such audit shall not be required if a recanvass has been, or will be, conducted on the voting machine. Such manual audit shall be noticed in advance and be open to public observation. A reconciliation sheet, on a form prescribed by the Secretary of the State, that reports and compares the manual and electronic vote tabulations of each candidate and question or proposal on each such voting machine, along with any discrepancies, shall be prepared by the audit officials, signed and forthwith filed with the town clerk of the municipality and the Secretary of the State. If any contemporaneously produced individual, permanent, voter-verified paper record is found to have been damaged, the same procedures described in subdivision (3) of this section for substituting such record with the self-generated, individual, permanent paper record produced by the voting machine bearing the identical machine-generated unique identifier as the damaged record shall apply and be utilized by the audit officials to complete the reconciliation. The reconciliation sheet shall be open to public inspection and may be used as prima facie evidence of a discrepancy in any contest arising pursuant to chapter 149 of the general statutes. If the audit officials are unable to reconcile the manual count with the electronic vote tabulation and discrepancies, the Secretary of the State shall conduct such further investigation of the voting machine malfunction as may be necessary for the purpose of reviewing whether or not to decertify the voting machine or machines and may order a recanvass in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (3) of this section.

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- (5) The individual, permanent, voter-verified paper records produced by any direct recording electronic voting machine in use at an election or primary held on or after the effective date of this section shall be carefully preserved and returned in their designated receptacle in accordance with the requirements of section 9-266, 9-302 or 9-310 of the general statutes, whichever is applicable, and may not be opened or destroyed, except during recanvass or manual audit as set forth in this section, for one hundred eighty days following an election or primary that does not include a federal office, pursuant to section 9-310 of the general statutes, or for twenty-two months following an election or primary involving a federal office, pursuant to 42 USC 1974, as amended from time to time.
- (6) Nothing in this section shall preclude any candidate or elector from seeking additional remedies pursuant to chapter 149 of the general statutes.
- (7) After an election or primary, any voting machine may be kept locked for a period longer than that prescribed by sections 9-266, 9-310 and 9-447 of the general statutes, if such an extended period is ordered by either a court of competent jurisdiction or the State Elections Enforcement Commission. Either the court or said commission may order an audit of such voting machines to be conducted by such persons as the court or said commission may designate.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	July 1, 2005	New section	
Sec. 2	from passage	9-23r(a)	
Sec. 3	from passage	9-450(1)	
Sec. 4	January 1, 2006	9-333w	
Sec. 5	January 1, 2006	New section	
Sec. 6	from passage	New section	
Sec. 7	from passage	9-242	
Sec. 8	from passage	New section	

GAE Joint Favorable Subst.